

# Abstrakt

## Thesis title: *Crimen falsi* and related facts of crimes

This thesis with the name „*Crimen falsi and related facts of crimes*“, represents the complex analysis of a development of four mutually very closely interconnected crimes - *crimen falsi* (the crime of deceit), *crimen repetundarum* (the crime of abuse of official authority to the personal profit), *peculatus* (the crime of theft of a public or sacred property) and *stellionatus* (the residual crime, including any other deceitful act), three public crimes and one extraordinary crime, which can not be classified as *crimen*, nor as *delictus*. This thesis starts with the analysis of development of roman criminal law in the age of kings, where the author researches beginnings of the criminal process and the legislation of crimes, which can be described as predecessors of analysed crimes. In the time of the early Roman republic and institutioning of the Law of the twelve tablets is the research of beginnings of analysed crimes supported by the analysis of individual criminal proceedings, within which were judged crimes, which were later parts of factual bases of analysed crimes. Crucial part of the thesis is the analyse of legislation on analysed crimes from the time of the territorial and power growth of the Roman republic, mainly in the first century before Christ, when were as the part of Sulla's reforms adopted laws, adjusting *crimen falsi*, *crimen repetundarum* and *peculatus*. In the thesis is also researched the continuation of development of the legislation on the analysed crimes in the time of Roman empire, in the Principate and also in the Dominate, and also the institutioning of the completely new legislation on the last one of analysed crimes, *stellionatus*. The basic research, contained in this thesis, includes also the translation of fragments of Digest of Iustinian and the translation of constitutions of Codex Theodosianus, which relate to analysed crimes, their implanting to the historical context and necessary commenting. Besides the research of theoretical legislation, the thesis also contains the analyses of many recorded criminal proceedings since the age of kings until the Dominate.