

The purpose of this thesis was to describe an area of the social integration of visual impaired and blind people in the intact society. It investigates some of areas of life of people with visual disability, acceptance of them in intact society and creation of the positions to people with visual handicap.

The first part brings the characterization of the personality of people with visual handicap, their adult age, parenthood and problems of their employment. The second part deals with anatomy, physiology and patophysiology of visual apparatus. The third part describes specific problems of the integration of people with visual handicap in the society. The fourth practical part brings actual findings of social study about acceptance of people with visual impairment by intact society.