Abstract

Dissertation deals with the example of several areas of model development and reconstruction parochial parish boundaries in the Middle Ages. The research is based on medieval sources and retrospective projection of early modern sources. From the area archdeaconry Kouřimský selected two model areas on the territory of colonization was largely up during the Middle Ages colonization in the 13th century. This is an area of medieval deanery Havlíčkobrodský and territories Černokostelecko. For these areas were used except few medieval sources, particularly sources of the 17th and 18th centuries.

As the last model was selected area Prague's Old Town, where you can watch unlike the previous two model areas dense network of church and its development since the early Middle Ages. The main reason for choosing Old Town is unusually rich source base, which may be used for the reconstruction of the parish network use to bridge basic source hiatus, with which science is usually encountered in the pre-season in attempts to reconstruct the parish boundaries in an area in the surface scale. An important contribution represents a completely new methodological approach to the reconstruction of parish boundaries combining parish registers and parish jurisdiction of individual individual houses. The result is Reconstructive attempt to map file that shows the development of the parish network on the model areas from the Middle Ages to the 19th century. It turns out that since the stabilization of the parish boundaries, at the latest during the 14th century, there were no significant changes in their structure, especially in rural areas to modern times. Direct evidence, however, to the territory of Havlíčkůvo deanery managed to get only part of the selected area. In contrast, in the Old Town parish undergone several waves of restructuring circuits. These stages of development parish organizations, however, can be preserved through the springs quite reliably reconstruct.