

The diploma thesis „Religion of Jewish population and lived Judaism during normalization era in Prague“ first explains the historical role of the Jews since their arrival in Bohemia and Moravia till the period of the 1st Republic from political and social point of view. There are depicted features of anti-Semitism as well that has been experienced by the Jews from time immemorial. The part dedicated to the Bohemia and Moravia Protectorate era is mainly built on testimony of those people who had experienced the Holocaust and became victims of extraordinary crime typical of its specific conception, execution and extent. The next chapter deals with the Jews ' return from concentration camps, Liberation Armies and there is not only literary evidence but direct interviews with respondents and survivors as well. This paper describes the way to Jewish religious life, traditions and customs recovery in our country. It also touches political trials in the 1950s ' that demonstrated to be strictly antisemitic. The following 1960s ' showed the era of official political strategy reassessment, Jewish matters became legitimate topics. The chapter dedicated to Jewish situation in normalization era demonstrates what then legal system brought to the whole society and its impact on Jewish inhabitants. What was enough to accuse Jews of Zionist conspiracy, which way was the state anti-Semitism performed, how was carried out the control over Jewish religious organisations. This paper shows that communist regime in Czechoslovakia was breaking human rights in an extent way and was focused on Jewish population intentionally because of their origin and accused them of Zionist and imperialist conspiracy - everything promoted publicly.