**ABSTRACT** 

HORMONAL CONTRACEPTION – USERS' KNOWLEDGE

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**Introduction:** Hormonal contraception is a broadly used and very reliable birth control method.

Nonetheless, it is not entirely risk-free. This thesis deals with the awareness of those risks in

women who are currently using hormonal contraception or have ever used it before.

Aim of the thesis: The main aim was to determine the extent of the users' awareness of

hormonal contraception and its risks, undesirable side effects and contraindications, as well as

their source of information. Furthermore, the awareness of the environmental impact, the

reasons for using hormonal contraception and user satisfaction were examined.

**Methodology:** The research was carried out by means of online questionnaires, which were

spread among current or former users of hormonal contraception regardless of age, educational

background or place of residence. 148 completed questionnaires were gathered and the data

which were obtained were statistically evaluated.

**Results:** It was discovered that women feel informed (25 %) or rather informed (44,6 %) more

often than uninformed; the most frequent source of information is patient information leaflet

(65,5 %) followed by physician – gynaecologist (40,5 %) and a lot of women also seek

information themselves (38,5 %). 88,5 % of respondents said they were aware of some risks or

undesirable side effects; most of them also named particular examples. An affirmative answer

to the question about awareness of contraindications was given by 67,6 % of women, who were

also able to give examples. Possible environmental impact is realized by 65,5 % and rather

realized by 12,5 % of respondents. The reasons for choosing this contraception method are

mostly the comfort of use, reliability and positive side effects. Women are mainly satisfied (36,5 %) or rather satisfied (41,2 %) with the use in general.

**Conclusion:** Based on the survey results expressed as a percentage, the awareness might seem to be very good; however, the open-ended questions have shown that it is considerably limited. It emerged that women not always know of the most serious risks and contraindications; on the contrary, they attribute unproven side effects to hormonal contraception. Given the small extent of this thesis and imperfections in methodology, the results are rather illustrative.