

## **Abstract**

This thesis is focused on the attachment among people addicted to opiates. The goal of the research is to describe the relationship between the type of attachment and coping strategies of opiates users. Research was attended by forty clients in opioid-dependent set of substitution programs. Klienty are from the methadone substitution of clinics adiktologie 1 LF UK, from CADAS Sananim and Remedis, where there is a substitution of opioids, especially by Suboxone. The study focuses on quantitative data collection using a battery of questionnaires which were completed in collaboration with the interviewer during the period of treatment. Questionnaire battery containing the following questionnaires: anamnesis questionnaire, ECR - R Experience in Close Relationships (Fraley et al., 2000) and SVF- 78 questionnaire on coping strategies (Janke & Erdman, 2003). The study is anonymous and confidential. Questionnaires are encoded by the initials of the respondent and the interviewer and execution of research date. Results of studies abroad show that addictive behavior is often associated with insecure attachment and positive attachment works on people protectively. Schindler and colleagues (2009) concluded that heroin users showed features of anxious avoidant type of attachment. More extensive studies in the Czech Republic have not been performed yet.

## **Key words**

Attachment- opiates- opiates users- addiction- coping strategies