

KEY WORDS

subjunctive, nominal clauses, Spanish, Czech, norm, usage

ABSTRACT

Many works and studies have been dedicated to the usage of indicative and subjunctive in Spanish. It still remains a widely discussed topic, however, since it is interlocutor's attitude which makes the usage often differ from the codified norm. This paper focuses on the usage of indicative and/or subjunctive in nominal clauses with verbs *entender*, *comprender*, *admitir*, *aceptar*, *explicar*, *sospechar*, *imaginar(se)*, *figurarse*, *suponer* and *quejarse* in the main clause. The norm, explained in the theoretical part of this work, is later confronted with the analysis of selected occurrences in CRAE, i.e. the usage. Second analysis executed with parallel corpus InterCorp servers as comparison with the situation in Czech.