

Abstract

Title of thesis: Inclusion on the ground fighting techniques in the system of close combat in the Army of the Czech Republic.

Aim of thesis: The aim of this study is to evaluate the effectiveness of termination, the risk of injury and severity of selected techniques of fighting on the ground in order to create a theoretical model for the incorporation of new techniques into close combat training in the Army of the Czech Republic.

Methods: This thesis is processed by multivariate preferences. IAC group of senior mentors and close combat instructors evaluated using a printed questionnaire completion efficiency, risk of injury and severity of the performance of six combat techniques on the ground in design with no weapon and then in the version with weapons (assault with a knife during the implementation techniques) marks 1 "worst" to 3 "best". To summarize the evaluation I used tables showing the frequency of individual signs and then multiply the resulting frequency value equal to the value of the mark, below which the frequency is. The data obtained from the product of the frequency and the added values allowed us to compare techniques between themselves and determine their mutual order.

Results: Despite the chosen criteria evaluated for divergence of selected techniques and access to the results of the evaluation can not create compelling and flawless theoretical model for assigning to-hand combat techniques in basic and zdokonalovacího stage of training. The main reason was subjective opinions instructors of Musado Military Combat System from which can be drawn compelling and scientifically valid conclusions. The questionnaire evaluated with the criteria, it can be used only as an aid in deciding between the various levels of training in which the Musado technique included.

Key words: fight on land, close combat, efficiency endings, the risk of injury, level of difficulty, multidimensional preference.