

Abstract

Between years 1901 and 1906 travelled Josef Colloredo-Mannsfeld (1866 - 1957) twice to Africa and twice to America. Each travel lasted for several months and always took place in winter. The accurate reconstruction of the travels is impossible due to the lack of archive materials. Most information has been preserved in Joseph's itinerary, where he wrote about visiting Alaska and Yukon in 1904. Josef brought back a number of animal trophies and valuable ethnographic material, which now can be seen in Opočno castle or in Náprstek museum in Prague. The author of this thesis focuses mainly on the reconstruction and describing of the travels, she also discusses the personality of Josef Colloredo-Mannsfeld and writes about hunting, travelling and understanding of ethnicity in the contemporary context.