

This work deals with the every-day life in k. u.k. Kriegsgefangenenlager of Austria-Hungary during World War 1. and their picture in the diary of Alessandro Pennasilico, who demonstrates one of possible destinies of Italian soldiers after Caporetto battle.

This work is divided into three main thematic chapters. The first chapter deals with the reasons of Italy for enter in war and about rate of powers between Italian and Austro-Ungarian army, forth with development of situation on Isonzo front and following break-through at Caporetto.

The second chapter deals with the historical development of war prisoners camps till Great War and with reasons for creation of international agreements, which tried to solve question of captivity. Also I deal with relationship of Italian state to its captured soldiers and with their destiny after the twelfth Isonzo battle. As example is mentioned one of the biggest prisoners camps Sigmundsherberg.

The final chapter is focused on concrete destiny of Alessandro Pennasilico as of Italian soldier of Bologna brigade and as of war prisoner in prisoner's camp in Milovice as weB. At the end id added translation of his diary, which he wrote during his captivity and which is his subjective point of view confronted with events on front and on political scene.