This thesis about Nymburk monastery consists of 5 sections.

First section refers to the issues that relate to above mentioned topic. Some of the publications are of high quality expertly treated, unfortunately some of them worked out with false information. Some of these false information repeat also at other authors who overtake them.

Second section describes the oldest history of the monastery in Nymburk. It refers to the period since 70 years of the 13.th century when the monastery was established together with the town itself up to the 1421 when the monastery was destroyed by the Hussite army.

Third section speaks about renovation of the monastery and its further function during 1667-1789. The monastery restoration was done thanks to much efforts of priest Theophil of Ostropole. As a proof of the monastery bloom we can find the "Historia Conventus P.V. Maria de Rosario" (1752).

Fourth section deals with monastery buildings destiny. Eastern part of former monastery started to be used as a school and in the western part a distillery was established. The church was used as a stock.

In 1857-1897 the presbytery of the monastery church was used as Saint Jan of Nepomuk's school chapel. Jan Nepomuk Zendrich made much effort to achieve this chapel establishment.

The main aisle of the church was rebuilt for a city hall and a theater. The city hall had got its eats there up to 1929 while the theatre is here up to day. The fifth section is devoted to the monastery library and an archive of the renovated monastery. This topic is very interested and its detailed treating would be enough for a new individual bachelor's thesis.

Only derelict chapel of Jan of Nepomuk hangs over the years up today. City hall Nymburk submitted a project for retrieval of this chapel. According to the project (costs of up to 20mil Kc) the chapel should have function of a concert, exhibition and marriage hall.