

This thesis provides a picture of the Esperanto movement in Czechoslovakia after World War II until the beginning of normalization in light of the central Esperanto periodicals. This period penetrated the existence of SE CSR, era of sustained esperantism by the young Esperantists and Esperantist defenders of peace and finally Esperanto authority of the Ministry of Education and Culture, Committee of the Czechoslovak Esperanto. In the thesis are highlighted functional and organizational aspects of Esperanto movement, key events and characterized Esperanto interesting events (eg. Summer School of Esperanto). For a more comprehensive picture of Esperantist history, the movement of Czechoslovak Esperantist in the World Congress of Esperanto and the equally interesting relationship of the Esperanto and League of Nations are mentioned.