## **ABSTRACT**

This thesis is focused on the assessment of impacts of the regulatory uncertainty

related to the EU Emission Trading System (EU ETS) on investment decision-making

of power generators. The need for investments in new power generation capacities

that would be capable to satisfy in the future the growing electricity demand is

currently a discussed topic on the Czech as well as on the EU level. These investments are endangered by the uncertainty regarding the future development of

the EU ETS regulatory framework, which is a major price driver of the tradable

emission allowances. This thesis uses the real option model to analyze the impacts of

potential future developments of the emission allowance prices on the investments

into new power plants and identifies the regulatory uncertainty as one of the major

causes, why investors postpone the investment into the construction of new sources.

The analysis is embedded into a broader framework depicturing the  ${\hbox{\scriptsize EU}}$  ETS and the

impact assessment procedure conducted by the European Commission.