Abstract (EN)

This thesis deals with the EU competition law enforcement in the transport sector towards

private undertakings. Specifically, air and rail transport are focused at as they represent

convenient examples on which it can be demonstrated how the EU manages to cope with the

liberalization process and apply the competition rules to these sectors. The main research

question of the thesis is what specific features can be observed in the decision making of the

Commission and Court of Justice of the EU regarding the competition rules in the transport

sector, specifically air and rail industry.

This thesis is structured as follows. In total, it includes six chapters, introduction, four main

chapters and the conclusion. The first main chapter is devoted to the EU transport policy as the

goals of the transport policy, the liberalization process and its main characteristics are

described. Specifically, the main milestones in the creation of single European transport policy

in the transport sector are presented and the main obstacles in the liberalization process in the

airline and rail sector are discussed. Moreover, the chapter also deals with the relationship of

ex ante regulation and ex post competition rules.

The second chapter focuses on the analysis of the competition rules enforcement in the air

sector. More specifically, it focuses on the analysis of aspects that the Commission and the

Court of Justice of the EU take into account when applying the competition rules to the air

sector. It also reviews the case law in terms of the goals of the EU competition policy and the

liberalization process. Similarly, in the fourth chapter the analysis of competition rules

enforcement in the rail sector is done.

In the last chapter, specific features in the application of competition rules in the air and rail

industry are summarized. The conclusion is that the Commission handles the decision-making

regarding the competition threats in the airline and rail industry quite well. It seems that it uses

the competition law as an efficient tool in order to complement and support the liberalization

process in both industries.

Key words: competition law, air and rail transport, liberalization of air and rail transport