Abstract
This work examines amenity migration and its main focus refers to the second generation of amenity migrants. The work also touches on the current world expression of one's attitude and the opinion about the rest of the world, but also the social status. Amenity migration has become a phenomenon over the past few decades and usually is a reaction to the bustling, impersonal and stressful lifestyle, which relates to living in urban areas. The subject of this work are two groups of the direct descendants of the amenity migrants. The first group being the children, who knew the city life before moving to the countryside, while the second group are the descendents, who were born into the amenity way of life. Additionally, the amenity migrants themselves were approached as well. The aim of this work is to find out whether the descendents of the amenity migrants are determined to continue in the existing way of life, into which they were brought to by their parents. The circumstances of the aforementioned phenomena are recorded in the theoretical part of this thesis. The main authorities dedicated to this issues of amenity migration, whose work became the inspiration for my research and was cited and paraphrased, are Ing. M. Bartoš, Professor L.A. Moss and Dr. R. Glorioso. A qualitative research was chosen to produce the empirical part of the thesis, by employing semi-structured interviews. The results of the collected data are interpreted in the practical part. They deepen the existing knowledge about the topic of amenity migration and the lifestyle, focusing primarily on the second generation of the migrants. The research revealed that children who grew up in the rural areas are not likely to plan their future lives in the same environment. The outlook of descendents who spent much of their adolescence in an urban setting was rather inconsistent. Half of them would prefer living in rural areas and the other half would rather return back to the city. Amenity migrants themselves were satisfied and did not regret their decision to move to the countryside.

Key words: amenity migration, generation, migration, lifestyle, countryside