Abstract

The topic of this thesis is property criminality and its prevention, the most essential part of the general criminality, which is still actual and often discussed thema.

The work is divided into two main parts, the theoretical part and the special part. The theoretical part at first defines the term of property criminality from the perspective of the criminal law and the criminology, then it analyse the phenomenology of the property criminality, its offenders and the issue of the punishments. In the end of this chapter is in outline described the possible next course of the property criminality in the next three years on the basis of using the technique called time series analysis.

Subsequently the work dedicates to the causes of the property criminality and its control with the emphasis on the crime prevention. The work detailed deals with the situational crime prevention, which plays very important role of the property crime prevention. Then is also introduced one of the new criminological theories occupied of the environmental criminology and the possibilities of its practical utilization by taking preventive measures. In the last chapter of the theoretical part is described the german criminal law legislation of the property criminality and its phenomenology, which is compared to the statistical data of the Czech republic.

The special part of the thesis presents the results of the empirical questionnaire inquiry, which was realized among the members of the Police of the Czech republic, which are also the experts for the property criminality. The purpose of the inquiry was to find out, which property criminal offences they often meet by their job, what is their opinion to the punishments for property crime offenders and which preventive measures the evaluate as helpful to improvement of the property criminality status.

The end of the work is devoted to the short thesis summarization and to the results of the empirical inquiry, where are also analysed the opinions of the respondents to their job performance and their proposals for the possibilities to the improvement of the clear-up rate of the property criminality in the future.