

## **Abstract**

The thesis is focused on inclusion of representatives of one generation of Mongolia minority into Czech society. It is based on the theory that defines integration as four-dimensional process, which consists of structural, cultural, interactive and identificational dimension. Author studies the development of this process within the young generation of Mongolians that are living in the Czech Republic in the long term, by qualitative research. She is concentrated on how they perceive the concept of permanent stay and Czech citizenship. How Czech or Mongolian culture affects the integration and identification. Which place they ascribe in the society, do they consider themselves as Mongolians or Czechs and what influences their self-identification with the ethnics. In the theoretical part the author present theoretical concepts of the survey of social integration and introduces Mongolian minority in Czech Republic and some their culture. The second part is concerned with the methodology of the qualitative research, methods of sampling and data analysis. The author did six semi-structured interviews that she analyzed by coding. She summarizes findings in the last chapter of the thesis, with is structured according to dimensions. In the conclusion, she answers her research question.