**ABSTRACT** 

**Charles Univerzity** 

Faculty of Pharmacy in Hradec Králové

Study program: Medical Laboratory Technician

Author: Adéla Diepoltová

Supervisor: RNDr. Klára Konečná, Ph.D.

Title of bachelor thesis: Pathogenesis of infectious diseases caused by biofilm-forming

microorganisms

Background: The aim of this thesis is to describe the importance of microbial biofilms in medicine and

in pathogenesis of infectious diseases. This thesis includes specification of the concept of biofilm, its

structure and chemical composition, formation, development and processes occurring in biofilm which

are directly related to pathogenesis of infectious diseases. Briefly, the most common infectious

diseases associated with the formation of microbial biofilms are also mentioned.

Main findings: Microbial biofilms are active layers of microorganisms and their metabolic products.

Biofilm, unlike the planktonic phase, is sessile form of life. The microorganism first adheres to suitable

substrate, then multiplies and produces metabolites, that create slime called matrix. Parts of the

biofilm layer can tear off and colonize new environments. These environments include any natural

niches with water access, industrial pipelines but host tissues, as well. Biofilms cause diseases such as

otitis media, endocarditis, or pneumonia in patients with cystic fibrosis. Biofilms are highly resistant

and show increased insusceptibility to antimicrobial substances. Treatment of biofilm-associated

diseases is often highly troublesome and often unsuccessful, which resulted in the research of new

therapeutical approaches...

Conclusions: Study of biofilm is the hot topic for researches, now. The athogenesis of biofilm-

associated diseases consists of sequential formation of a biofilm, that is hidden for the immune system

for a long time. After acquisition of the critical cell density in biofilm, acute and aggressive

manifestation of infection begins. Conventional treatment is usually not very effective. New strategies

of treatments are proposed, focusing on biofilm formation mechanisms or on processes taking part in

biofilm development.

Key words: microbial biofilm, pathogenesis of infectious diseases, mechanisms of biofilm formation,

quorum sensing phenomenon