Abstract

The aim of this thesis was to find out how juvenile delinquents actually perceive their relationship with mother and what memories of their mothers are able to remember.

The theoretical section firstly characterized psychological aspects of mother-child relationship. Secondly, it describes characteristics of adolescents' problems with behavior. Finally, it represents what autobiographical memory is and how we create memories.

The empirical part aims to find possible common features between the currently emotional perception of the mother-child relationship and the emotional tone of memories of her. For these research was used primarily quantitative methods. This study comprised the response of 50 juvenile convicts from prison Heřmanice.

Keywords: The relationship between mother and child, problematic behavior, juvenile convictions, autobiographical memory, memories.