

ABSTRACT

There are multiple theories about how moral judgement is made. In this study, we are investigating relationship between latent factors (moral conservatism, intelligence and CRT) and utilitarian versus deontological decisions in hypothetical moral dilemmas as variant of trolley problem. According to previous research moral judgement is made by proximate causes like Green's Dual process or Social-intuitionist model of Haidt. On the assumption of Partner choice (individual selection) we are able to test its predictions on moral dilemmas. The aim of this study was to investigate a possible link of these factors, proximal and ultimate mechanisms. Our results suggest that women display more harm aversion in moral dilemmas. Second, that there is a relation between sacrificial judgments in the hypothetical dilemmas and preference for sexual bondage. Third, that prediction of morality based on Partner choice model of evolution does not correspond to actual moral judgements.

Key words: Altruism; moral judgement; thought experiments; Partner choice