Basic motoric stereotypes are key components of motive and postural behavior of every human. They are something like programs which are produced by central nervous system for effective function of musculoskeletal system and their development is tied with early childhood when the motor development takes place. Basic motoric stereotypes are essential for development of specialized movement skills. It is important to build and strengthen them in childhood and after that to maintain them for a whole life of individual. During early ontogenesis may occur erroneous fixation. This bachelor thesis summarize information about motor development, erroneous fixation of basic motoric stereotypes from a point of view of causes and consequences in paediatric population and suggest possible solutions of the problem.