ABSTRACT

The work focuses on the issues and needs of mothers giving birth in the first stage of labor. Specifically on the needs of mothers from the beginning of the first stage of labor until the birth itself.
In the theoretical part, the author focuses on the history of obstetrics, access to pregnant women in the past and in the present obstetrics. Furthermore, in the context of theoretical described childbirth and individual stage of labor, including a focus on mental and physical and social aspects of childbirth. For practical implementation, the study is the use of quantitative methods and techniques of data collection is questionnaire.
The main objective of this thesis is to investigate how mothers themselves the approach of the nursing staff in relation to their needs.
Within the sub-objectives of this thesis were:
- Determine whether a woman in labor was at all times a feeling of privacy and intimacy.
- Determine whether the approach of the nursing staff to bring forth empathetic.
- Determine whether the mother worked on environmental obstetrics department reassuring.

The results show that the addressed respondent deemed most appropriate by the presence of a loved one during the antenatal and childbirth. Another important need that presented in the research investigation was needed pain relief, both pharmacological and non-pharmacological and procedures (aromatherapy etc.). An important aspect was the empathic attitude of the nursing staff.