

## Resume

In the first part of the graduation thesis *Limits of Democracy* qualifies the term of democracy, the return to democracy sources, especially to the archaic Greece, where democracy began and then developed thanks to the philosophers were like Socrates, Plato or Aristotle. At that time, democracy had strong competition and was created various ideologies and forms of government. Democracy was not made at that time and was standing in the shadows of history.

In the next part of the graduation thesis author deals with return of democratic thinking in the French Revolution, their thinkers were like Charles Louis de Secondat, baron de La Brède et de Montesquieu and Jean-Jacques Rousseau who became the inspiration for a revolutionary campaign. In France after the revolution started to emerge riots, wars with neighbors and followed terror. In this part of the graduation thesis author defines the term totalitarian democracy and points to the "democratic" process in 2011 during the Arab Spring.

Then the author focuses on today's modern democracy and analyzes the United States as a state, as a bearer of democracy. State that this ideology spreads and becomes uncompro- misingly authority that considers what is democratic and what is not. In this part of thesis is reminded the origin of USA and related issues if the personalities who created the Con- stitution of the United States of America, consider about democracy.

In the next part outlines the conditions for the creation of democracy and limits and chal- lenges nowadays. It is important to consider when democracy takes hold and what is need- ed to do to develop democracy in society.

In the fifth chapter is compared democracy and authoritarianism. We can find the term pseudo- democracy. This part of thesis targets the nondemocratic states, who claim that they are more crystal than crystal. It is considering whether it is better democracy or au- thoritarianism is better than pseudo-democracy.

In the sixth chapter is introduced democracy in the world. It is submitted scientific studies relating to development of democracy in the world. Part of it is cosmopolitan democracy and a consideration on the reform of United Nations. If democracy in today's world it ex- ists or it is replaced by something in a similar form. It is also reminded democracy in the context of human rights, which democracy guarantees.

In the last part of the graduation thesis democracy is developed in the near perspective. Whether democracy as an ideology has no competition and whether the only solution for society is the development of democracy.

Thesis is closed by analysis of democracy itself. Author reflects on statement of democracy and about its lifetime in the future.