Abstract

The thesis focuses on the topic of homegrown terrorism in the United States in the time period between the years 2001 and 2015. The first part of the thesis declares the differences between domestic and homegrown terrorism, which in the Czech language exists under one term translatable as domestic terrorism. After setting these ground rules the definition of the homegrown terrorism is determined. The next chapter then focuses on the two main types of homegrown terrorism and extremism, the jihadist and the right-wing, their ideological background and historical context. In the case of the right-wing terrorism the thesis also focuses on the main types of right-wing extremism, which are based on racist, fundamental and anti-government ideology. The thesis also analyses the main terror attacks and plots from both jihadist and right-wing side, which were executed between the years 2001-2015. The final chapter of the thesis focuses on statistic data and its analysis, which results into a comparison of the lethality and dangerousness of the two main types of homegrown terrorism, the creation of a profile of an average homegrown terrorist and overall analysis of the statistic data.

Keywords

domestic terrorism, homegrown terrorism, USA, right-wing extremism, muslim extremism, jihadist extremism, homegrown-terrorism trends