

Abstract

This bachelor thesis analyses modal particles as a subject which isn't thoroughly defined. This disaccord is demonstrated on a selection of German and Czech grammars. Not only problems that hamper a greater interest for this area are examined, but also the overall criteria that determine which lexemes are or aren't to be a part of this category.

In the practical part the results of a corpus-based research are examined, organized by their functional meaning, and a plethora of Czech equivalents is presented. Those are analysed as far as their suitability goes, leaving a few highly frequented and in regards of their equivalence very close ones. The actual result of this thesis is a list of those equivalents.