

Abstract

This thesis analyzes the quality of three selected Czech newspapers (Deník Právo, Hospodářské noviny and Mladá Fronta Dnes) in Kosovo conflict between the years 2000 and 2008. All together 116 newspaper articles were analysed from January 2000 up to February 2008. The main goal is to find out if the three main Czech newspapers were able to describe the situation in a neutral manner while bringing high quality information, thanks to using the content analysis. The practical part is divided in four parts and in each one the press is analyzed by standarts given and then they are rated by them. In the final summary they are compared and their work is evaluated.