

Summary

The thesis discusses the change in range of motion of the spine in patients with Vertebrogenic Algic Syndrome who are in ambulatory care of a physiotherapist.

The theoretical part offers a general orientation in this particular topic. It also discusses the spine in the terms of morphology and function. In the thesis we also deal with problems concerning Vertebrogenic Algic Syndrome itself. The theoretical part serves as a starting point for the practical part, which deals with data collection relating to the changes in range of motion of the spine during physiotherapeutic treatment.