The main goal of this bachelor thesis is to analyse process of British foreign policy towards Sierra Leone in period since 1997 to 2000. This paperwork particularly answers the question if British approach to Sierra Leone was in harmony with new rhetoric of the Labour Party, which wanted to build a foreign policy on „ethical dimension“. Sierra Leone has been locked in civil war since 1991, in which Great Britain officially supported legally elected president Kabbah, whose governance was threatened by the rebels of the Revolutionary United Front. Great Britain intervened in May 2000, when the capital city of Sierra Leone was directly endangered. The paperwork explores in detail, which factors and which participants influenced Blair’s policy towards Sierra Leone.