

Abstract

The thesis "Social services for the elderly in Rakovnicko and the trend of de-institutionalization" is trying to describe an effort to keep the elderly people as one of the largest groups of beneficiaries of local social services as long as possible at home. Its main objective is to determine the range of social services for the elderly in Rakovnicko district and based on the research of the key stakeholders (providers and local authorities) to assess whether the offer of social services is consistent with the trend of deinstitutionalization. The work is closely related to Rakovnik district and its municipality with extended powers. The theoretical part of the work is based on a theory of public policy regulators in society, the principle of subsidiarity in social services and deinstitutionalization trend in social services. The resource background includes research covering the wishes of seniors to remain in their homes as long as possible and documents that support this trend. The chapter on social services defines several legal terms based in Code No. 108/2006 Sb. on social services and describes the situation in recent years in the field of social services in the Czech Republic in relation to the target group of seniors. An important chapter is the chapter on social planning in the Czech Republic. The case study is concerned with the situation in Rakovnicko district in social services for seniors and their planning, and compared with trends in society. Finally, my thesis is about to answer the questions that have been established in the introduction.