

This work aims to chart an issue of woman's negative experiences in connection with a delivery in context with current problems of our obstetrics. The object of this work is to explain a character of feelings and mentations of women in childbeds and their sensations of actions connected with a delivery. Another intention of this work is to find out what is a possible influence of these actions on future woman's determinations of future gravidity and a place of delivery.

Theoretical part of this work attends to history of obstetrics, but its basic aim is to explain all important terms and processes which have sequences on theoretical part of the work. Contents of some chapters in the theoretical part of the work are identical with discussed current problems of our obstetrics where there is a brisk discussion about a necessity of changes which would lead to its humanization and demedicalization.

An exploratory study in the practical part of the work is divided in two parts.

The first inquiry stage uses quantitative research methodology. The recognized population are 204 women whose characters and number of negative experiences in the connection with a delivery and their satisfaction with care in maternal hospital were investigated by the form of a questionnaire. The second part of the research uses qualitative research methodology, depth interview for identification of inner experiences in connection with a delivery. The aim of this stage was to enlighten how woman's experience and behaviour can be influenced or at what extend can be stigmatized by common obstetric practics. The obstetric practics that are sensed negatively by women in childbed are put in context with recommendations of World Health Organization (WHO).

The final part of the work presents proposal of steps for elimination of ascertained problems in obstetrics.