

## **ABSTRACT**

Presented thesis deals with the new legislation of spatial planning in relation to issues of environmental protection. Spatial planning is one of the most important tool of environmental protection which is regulated in the Czech legal order. The main law governing the issue of spatial planning is the Building Act, which has been extensively changed by the amendment with effect from 1. 1. 2013. The thesis first gives a brief interpretation of basic terminology used in the thesis and explanation of the objectives whose fulfilment is the task of spatial planning activities. Further is explained issue of entities participating in spatial planning focusing on their role in protecting the environment during the spatial planning process. Special attention is paid to the so-called concerned authorities of state administration and the public, because those entities play an important role in promoting environmental protection requirements into the spatial planning tools. In the following chapter is analyses the link between the process of environmental impact assessment and processes of spatial planning. The main part of this thesis consists of the fourth and fifth chapters in which they are discussed in detail changes in the regulation of the process of taking of spatial planning tools caused by large amendment to the Building Act. Due to the limited scope of this thesis there are described only changes that have the most significant impact on the integration of environmental protection requirements in spatial planning.