Master thesis deals with the concept of “rogue states” and strategies of the United States that are used towards rogue states. Concretely, attention is focused on two such labeled countries – Iran and the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea. Strategies used by the United States are further observed during the presidencies of George W. Bush and Barack Obama and with regard to two typical characteristics of rogue states – effort to acquire weapons of mass destruction and the support of terrorism. Despite expectations, it appears that strategies used by the United States differ significantly and they are often influenced by historical experiences and strategic interests. Bush’s and Obama’s foreign policies were significantly different on the rhetorical level. However, as shown in the thesis there can be found certain continuities between the strategies towards rogue states.