

## **Abstrakt v anglickém jazyce**

This doctoral paper deals with cases in which a defendant's claim is recognized in the Czech civil process. It is focused both on actually recognized claims of defendants, as well as cases, in which its fiction occurs in a civil legal proceeding. The work is based on an analysis of current legal regulations. This is followed by an analysis of the judicature in the given area and an analysis of conclusions, which arise from it. The goal, in part, is to comprehensively prepare the issue of recognition and its fiction, as well as to point out applied challenges, which the valid legal regulations lead to. In connection to them, the paper focuses on their potential means of resolution under the current legal conditions, as well as a summary of the direction in which the *de lege ferenda* amendment should take. As such, this paper should contribute to concentrating maximum information about the given topic and to incorporate findings from the area of theory and judicial practise. With the exception of the introduction and the conclusion, the paper is divided into 4 chapters. The first delineates general procedural recognition. The recognition is analysed in the second chapter as a procedural act. The third chapter discusses fiction of recognition, at first within the joint introduction and subsequently, an independent part deals with fiction resulting from a failure to express an opinion to a qualified challenge, and another part as the result of failure to appear to a prepared hearing. The final chapter is concerned with evaluating the current regulation and subjects of *de lege ferenda*.