Abstract
The basis of the presented thesis is a description of an early mediaeval burial ground in Mlékojedy „Nad hřbitovem“, which was discovered in the year 2007. Based on the grave goods, it is dated back from the beginnig of the 10th to the half of the 11th century. The relation of the grave goods to anthropological attributes of burried individuals shows namely an increase in ratio of equipped graves up to an early adulthood and then its gradual reduction. The arrangement of a grave was dependent on dating. The grave with an elite female gariture and the grave with weapons are compared with the similar ones discovered in hinterland of the Litoměřice fortification. A regular positioning of burial grounds on the left bank of the river Labe as early as at the beginning of the 10th century shows an early settlement of this area and allows to discover the extent of the Litoměřice agglomeration. The author of this thesis proposes, that a simultaneous abandoning of the both known burial grounds in the Mlékojedy estates is an evidence for a transfer of the burial grounds closer to a sanctuary located in the center of the contemporary village.

Key words
Burial ground, early mediaeval, Mlékojedy, Litoměřice distr., 10th. century, 11th. century, earrings, weapons, social topography, history of settlement, archaeology, physical anthropology.