ABSTRACT

This thesis explores in the Czech Republic little explored phenomenon of living history. The

motivation for this topic is the author's long-standing interest in this issue and his active

participation in similar activities. The thesis aims to characterize the concept of living history and

specify this kind of leisure time activity participated by a part of the population in the Czech

Republic. It also examines the question of whether living history is a subculture. Therefore, it also

describes the concept of subculture through according literature. It also seeks to map or outline and

present some living history associations as a sample of the phenomenon based on research. Field

research, participant observation, conducted interviews among the members, spectator and active

participation in the events and presentations organized by them, and web analytics are used for this.

The first chapter deals with the clarification of the concept of experimental archaeology and living

history, since the difference between them is essential. Therefore, it describes the contents of

experimental archaeology as one of the methods of archaeology and living history as a central

theme of the research and the thesis. In the next part, LARP and historical fencing are introduced to

illustrate the genesis of the sub-culture's leisure time. In addition to several groups and associations

of living history there are also described some historical fencing group, so that common features as

well as differences could be explained and conclusions be drawed.

The thesis is intentionally very descriptive in nature. It presents the issue based on the

empirical description in the context of comparison of the groups and activities with other related

ones.

KEYWORDS: LIVING HISTORY, EXPERIMENTAL ARCHAEOLOGY, LARP