The reaction of 1'-(diphenylphosphino)-1-ferrocenecarboxylic acid (Hdpf) with H<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>CR<sub>3</sub> mediated by peptide coupling agents (EDC/HOBt) afforded novel glycine phosphino-carboxamides  $Ph_2PfcCONHCH_2CO_2CR_3$  (fc = ferrocene-1,1'-diyl; R = H (2) and Me  $(3^*)$ ). Compound 2 was converted to its corresponding phosphine oxide  $(5^*)$  and sulfide (6\*), to N-acyl glycine Ph<sub>2</sub>PfcCONHCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (7), and to bis-amide Ph<sub>2</sub>PfcCONHCH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub> (8\*). Compounds 2 and 8 reacted with [PdCl<sub>2</sub>(cod)] (cod =  $\eta^2: \eta^2$ cycloocta-1,5-diene) and 7 reacted with Na<sub>2</sub>[PdCl<sub>4</sub>] to afford the respective, mostly solvated bis-phosphine complexes *trans*-[PdCl<sub>2</sub>(L- $\kappa P$ )<sub>2</sub>] (9: L = 2; 10: L = 7, 11: L = 8). Furthermore, bridge cleavage reaction of  $[{Pd(\mu-Cl)(L^{NC})}_2]$  ( $L^{NC} = 2$ -[(dimethylamino- $\kappa N$ )methyl]phenyl- $\kappa C^1$  (12) with 2 gave [(L<sup>NC</sup>)Pd(Cl)(2- $\kappa P$ )] (13\*), which was further reacted with AgClO<sub>4</sub> or KOt-Bu to afford bis-chelate complexes  $[(L^{NC})Pd(2-\kappa^2 O, P)]ClO_4$  (14\*) and  $[(L^{NC})Pd(L-\kappa^2 O, P)]ClO_4$  (14\*)  $\kappa^2 N.P$ )] (15\*; L = 2 deprotonated at the NH group), respectively. All compounds were characterized by spectroscopic methods (multinuclear NMR, MS, and IR) and by elemental analyses; the asterisk indicates that the crystal structure has been determined. Phosphine 7 in combination with palladium(II) acetate were shown to be highly active catalysts for the Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling of aryl bromides with phenylboronic acid in polar solvents (ethanol and dioxane), in their aqueous mixtures, and in pure water.