

Dissertation deals with matters of protection of natural persons. This issue is comprehensively discussed from the civil code point of view and further refers to regulations of other legal sectors.

The introduction consists of overview of legal regulations, which are relevant to the discussed topic. The foundation is set forth in the constitutional law and in several international agreements, the main focus lies in the civil law (especially in the civil code) and individual specific questions are also covered by regulations of family, labor, corporate, criminal and administrative laws.

The second part of the work briefly deals with historical development of legal regulation which pertains to protection of natural persons. It covers history in general as well as history of legal regulations of the Czech republic.

Third section concerns theoretical questions of protection of persons. That is, it discusses general personal law in the objective sense, general personal law in the subjective sense and it also covers its features. Further, it defines subjects as well as objects of this law, cases of legal personal limits, and concrete rights of action in order to avoid unlawful infringement of rights. Finally, it concerns conditions of application of one's rights, together with special cases of financial satisfaction.

Fourth section addresses procedural aspects of application of one's rights towards protection of persons. First it sums up possibilities of unlawful interference into natural person's rights and further it describes procedure on obtaining preliminary measures and variances of trial specific for application of claim when protection of persons was breached.

Fifth section introduces individual components of personality of natural person. Protection of physical integrity is the main issue addressed in this part (especially conditions of providing health care, including the way how patient is informed about provision of medical help, about so called cosmetic surgeries, medical experiments, transplantation, blood taking, artificial insemination, interruption and euthanasia). The work is based not only on Czech legislation, but also on Treaty on biomedicine, which had great impact not only on current legislation, but also on its amendments. Other individual components which this section addresses are personal freedom, personal honor, human dignity, name, resemblance, exposure of personal character and personal privacy.

Sixth section comprises of brief description of legal regulations of two complex problems (i.e. problems which interfere with several components of personality at one time). The first one is protection against unlawful personal interference from the media (according to the press law and broadcasting and television law). Second problem is personal data protection (according to the personal data protection act).

In conclusion, the work compares differences between current effective legislation of protection of persons and between legal norms that arise from newly proposed civil code, which is being considered in the Parliament of Czech republic.