

This thesis examines anti-Semitic legislation. This legislation affects all facets of public and social life between the years 1938 - 1943. The Thesis emphasizes the historical development of anti-Semitic policy in the Czech territory, starting with The Munich Pact and ending with the foundation of the Genealogical bureau of Bohemia and Moravia. Consideration of the political environment is part of this thesis. It continues to analyze the law enforcement bodies and the realization of the anti-Semitic regulations, including their influence and initiative in this anti-Semitic legislation. There is an analysis of single regulations, which restricted Jews in their public life and self-fulfillment. This thesis also shows real examples and the impact of these regulations in everyday life.