

Diploma thesis „Europeanization of Denmark: the Role of the National Specifics?“ describes on the Danish case how European integration can effect political actors in member states. The author strives how Europeanization has affected the Danish government; parliament and political parties and what were the main changes as a result. Europeanization is defined from the EU point of you as the top-down process. It is also important to focus on intervening factors, which form the previously described changes. The Danish government is one of the most important actors in creating the Danish position. During the integration process the government has to adopt different strategies for the negotiation of European proposals, which was caused by a change in the decision-making process in the Coucil. Specificity of the Danish coordination system is characterized by the set up of the European Affairs Committee, which strengthens the power of the Danish parliament. The Europeanization of Danish political parties can be shown in the changes in their attitudes towards the EU. The Danish case is very particular because of European referenda that have to be announced when Danish sovereignty is transformed to the EU level. Europeanization is an unfinished process because of continual deepening and widening of the integration. The main national intervening national variables will keep influencing the behavior of the government, parliament and political parties.