

## SUMMARY

The main goal of this Rigorous Work is the analysis and the evaluation of the most typical and the most often crimes against property stated in the ninth part of the Criminal Code and it's comparison to the new Act No. 40/2009, Criminal Code. The new Criminal Code, which has changed and modernized current Czech criminal law, shall step in force on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2010. The Rigorous Work is divided into four chapters. The first chapter defines the crimes against property considering the phenomenology and the etiology. This chapter describes also the classification of the crimes against property. The second, the third and the fourth Chapter are aimed on the evaluation and the complete legal analysis of the particular crimes against property stated in the ninth part of the Criminal Code. The current Criminal Code is also compared to the newly passed Criminal Code No. 40/2009 in this part of my work. I gave my attention concretely to the crimes against another person's property, the frauds and the accessory. I chose only these crimes because it would have not been possible to involve all the analyses and the evaluation of all the crimes against property in one work. The conclusion of my Rigorous Work is aimed on the evaluation of the current Criminal Code and the new Act No. 40/2009, Criminal Code, according to legal situation "de lege lata" and "de lege ferenda".

**The key words:** theft, embezzlement, unauthorized use another person's property, breaking the house or flat owner's law (unauthorized entry to any structure), unauthorized keeping a credit card, keeping a valuable lost property, damage of goods, fraud, insurance fraud, illegal business activities in gambling and betting, intentional accessory (for example receiving stolen property), accessory of omission, money laundering.