

This dissertation is devoted to the analysis of selected internet texts which touch upon the topic of the former concentration camp at Lety u Písku or the Romany Holocaust on the territory of the former Czechoslovakia in general.

The texts analyzed are divided into two groups. The first of these represents the minority discourse, i.e. it is a group of texts published on an internet server devoted to the Roma in the Czech Republic, providing information on the history and current situation of the Romany minority, on various Roma organizations, and the like. The second group, majority texts, included those published on ordinary news servers (e.g. [www.lidovsky.cz](http://www.lidovsky.cz)).

Part II, Romany predicates and Lety camp predicates, answers the following research question: For what communicative aims do speakers and writers use Romany predicates and Lety camp predicates? In the case of the Romany predicates, it was determined that the communicative aim of the speakers and writers from the first group (the minority discourse), which they achieved through the use of a Romany predicate, was the attempt to draw attention to the overall unsatisfactory situation of the Roma in the Czech Republic, while a part of this unsatisfactory situation is also the unwillingness of the majority society to deal with the issue of the Roma Holocaust, specifically the unwillingness to build a memorial on the site of the Lety camp. It was determined that, for the speakers and writers from the second group (the majority discourse), the integration of a Romany predicate most often led to the fulfillment of two communicative aims: a) to substantiate the claims that it is pointless to deal with the question of the Romany Holocaust and that it is pointless to invest money into the construction of a memorial to the Lety camp, and b) to express the personal negative relationship of the speaker or writer toward the Roma.