

Suicide phenomenon in its various forms goes hand-to-hand with human civilization since very beginning. Suicide can not be understood without knowledge of socio-cultural context. Goal of this work is to provide complex view of the suicide based on historical and cultural attitude, to describe two main views of the suicidal behavior represented by theories of T.G.Masaryk and E. Durkheim and also focus on suicidal behavior in youth. More precisely main goals are: to obtain, gather and compare basic knowledge of suicidality as a social problem, to understand specific features of suicidal behavior of children and youth, to realize social aspects of suicidality, to recognize suicidal progress of person and its specific features. My intention is to describe current status of this problemacy together with principles of suicidal behavior prevention in school environment and crisis intervention.