Diploma work is about social problems of foreing workers in the Czech Republic. This phenomenon because of increasing migratory movements mostly economic motivated migrants it is going to be more important. This work tries to explain what social problems citizens of the third countries have. It is not deciding if they came to the Czech republic accord of their own o rif they were forced to migration. At least the work tries to find out if the foreign labour wants to be integrated into the Czech society or if migration is just for a temporary phenomenon.

The work in the theoretical part show the term migration, or more precisely external migration from the point of view of the European Nation and deals with migratory reasons, migratory theories and migratory impacts on every single person but on the whole society too. The whole theoretical part is put into the context of migration and asylum policy of the European Nation because the Czech Republic as the member of the European Nation make an effort about harmonisation in this part. The important part is about employment conditions of third countries citizens in the Czech Republic which are put in the legislative and institutional frame. The work then describes the effort of the Czech migration policy about active kontrol of migration and analyse the legal changes related with employment of third countries citizens from the year of 2009. The important part is the chapter about social problems of foreign labour from the third countries which is structured into several areas. They are the areas where foreigners are often discriminated. In first it is their employment which has often overlap into next areas of their lives. It is e. g. quality of living, health care, communication with major or contact with the family. This part also treats of so-called client system and trafficing in people because of discrimination of foreign in this areas.