

CONCLUSION

The family violence is a problem which figure in the centre of the attention in our society. The family violence isn't in its substance only social or political problem, it's a suffering which individual people spend, people who don't deserved to live in a shame, in a pain or in a humbleness. Each woman or man who spent the domestic violence, are the individuals with the individual needs and not only the faces without names from the statistics. The good news is that the solutions are accessible and each individual with help and with a dose of courage will find his or her own way how to deprive of the violence. All depends on the victim who must realize that if she or he doesn't leave from the offender, nothing will be changed and his or her life won't be saved.

Very important and necessary step is disproving the myths and the prejudices about domestic violence in the society. The public must realize that this action needs the regular check and the intervention from the state or the public authorities although domestic violence takes place in a privacy, at home. The big role play here the adult education and the educational and pedagogical programmes which are organised by the governments or nongovernmental organisations.

Very positive thing is that the domestic violence and generally women or children violence are founded in the centre of the attention in a global level in a frame of The United Nations but also in a regional level in a frame of The European Union or The Council Of Europe. The governments of the individual states begin to realize the need of creating or improving their's legal regulations, especially penal law regulation, concerned of the family violence and need of the help of victims. The big role play here also the non-governmental organisations which are specialised in this problems and which give the necessary psychological or legal help and consultancy for the victims.

Over the series of the significant steps serving to the prevention and regulation of the family violence, a lot of blanks exist which are necessary to complete them and to contribute to full criminalisation and regular recourse of the offenders of the domestic violence who should be condemn and punish in the same measure as if they commit any violent act anywhere in public, towards strange persons. The family violence must change from the latent behaviour to completely distinct dangerous act for the society assigning all the signs of the criminal act. The society has to step to this aim well.