

Rickettsiae are small, gram negative bacteria, known as an etiologic agents of many human as well as animal diseases. The course of rickettsial infections extremely differs in severity. Bacteria are transmitted via arthropodes, infected dust, milk and secretions of infected individuals. Thank to the better hygienical standards many rickettsial infections appear only in the developing countries. On the other hand some other rickettsial infections have higher incidence in atypical countries and ecosystems. This change is thought to be due to global warming.

The importance of early diagnosis and proper therapy is common to all infections