**ABSTRACT** 

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Title of diploma thesis: Synthesis and evaluation of probes for fluorescent microscopy based

on cyanopyridines and merocyanine scaffolds and lanthanide complexes

Fluorescence as part of luminescence is a process, which describes how electrons of suitable

materials are excited by the energy absorption of a photon, followed by the immediate emission

of a photon with less energy compared to the absorbed photon. Suitable compounds must

contain a system of conjugated double bonds.

In this thesis, we present the synthesis and evaluation of fluorescence on derivates of

cyanopyridines, merocyanine-type fluorescent probes, and lanthanide complexes of terbium,

dysprosium, and europium. Lanthanide ions have low molar extinction coefficients, therefore

they cannot be excited directly, without a proper ligand. We explored the influence of pH on

the emission of synthesized derivates of cyanopyridines. We synthesized two merocyanine dyes

with new alkyl moieties, which should change their emission spectra. Then, the merocyanine

dyes could serve as new fluorescent probes for labelling lipid droplets.

Our idea was preparation of several lanthanide complexes with ligands containing clickable

structural moieties. Click chemistry is a simple, fast procedure, which can produce

1,4-disubstituted triazoles. Lanthanide complexes with substituted triazoles performed strong

fluorescence because of their even bigger system of conjugated double bonds.