

## Abstract

This thesis examines the relationship between the COVID-19 pandemic and the election results in the 2021 parliamentary elections in the Czech Republic. Voter turnout together with the results of several political parties is analyzed at the district level. First, the election results of 2021 are examined separately using OLS regression, heteroskedasticity is not detected in the model. A panel dataset is then created, which also includes election results from 2013 and 2017. Based on the results of the Hausman test, the fixed effects method is used to analyze the panel data, and the first-differencing method is used as well for comparison. Pairs of years are then analyzed with the use of first-differencing, when the results are first estimated without 2013, and then without 2017. The results of the analysis mainly show a significant relationship between the number of infected people and the results of individual political parties. While for political party ANO this relationship is negative, it is rather positive for the other political parties. The second dependent variable of interest is the number of deaths related to COVID-19. In this case, the results of the analysis do not indicate a significant connection with the election results.