

Institute of Phonetics

A Review of a Final Thesis

submitted to the Department of English and ELT Methodology, Faculty of Arts, Charles University

Name and titles of the revie Reviewed as:	wer: doc. Mgr. Radek Skarnitz ☑ a supervisor		
Author of the thesis: Barbora Bocková Title of the thesis: Phonetic realization of coda /t/ in current Southern British English pronunciation			
Year of submission: 2022 Submitted as:	□ a bachelor's thesis		
Level of expertise: ⊠ excellent □ very good	□ average □ below average	□ inadequate	
Factual errors: ⊠ almost none □ appropr	iate to the scope of the thesis	☐ frequent less serious ☐ serious	
Chosen methodology: ☐ original and appropriate ☐ barely adequate ☐ inadequate			
Results: ☐ original ☐ original and or	lerivative 🛭 non-trivial comp	ilation □ cited from sources □ copied	
Scope of the thesis: □ too large □ appropriate to the topic □ adequate □ inadequate			
Bibliography (number and selection of titles): ☑ above average (scope or rigor) ☐ average ☐ below average ☐ inadequate			
Typographical and formal le ⊠ excellent □ very good	vel: □ average □ below average	inadequate	
Language: ⊠ excellent □ very good	□ average □ below average	□ inadequate	
Typos: ☑ almost none ☐ appropriate to the scope of the thesis ☐ numerous			
Overall evaluation of the thesis: ☑ excellent □ very good □ average □ below average □ inadequate			

Brief description of the thesis (by the supervisor, ca. 100-200 words):

Barbora Bocková's BA thesis examines the phonetic realization of one of the most variable sounds in current English, /t/ in the syllabic coda, in Standard British English. What is novel about this investigation is the focus on middle-aged speakers (politicians) in highly spontaneous productions (political discussions on Radio 4). In the first theoretical chapter, the author describes stops as a manner of articulation in great detail, discussing also various laryngeal states and airstream mechanisms. A separate chapter is dedicated to previous studies on /t/ in different varieties of English and realizations such as aspirated, glottalized, fricated, or flapped. The empirical part of the thesis starts with the formulation of research questions and goes on to describe the speech material and methods of its analysis. Results are presented using both absolute and relative bar charts and thoroughly discussed.

Review, comments and notes (ca. 100-200 words) **Strong points of the thesis:**

I find the writing in Barbora Bocková's thesis to be of exceptionally high quality: it is concise, with excellent style. The thesis is based on an unusually large number of resources, especially in the chapter concerning stops in English. However, I was most impressed by the systematic presentation and thorough discussion of the results, as well as by the honest and conscientious approach to explaining the patterns found in the data.

Weak points of the thesis:

The general description of stops as a class (sections 2.1 to 2.5) is perhaps too extensive and not always directly relevant to the topic of the thesis, especially given that it largely relies on one source, Ladefoged and Maddieson (1996) and occasionally on work of similar authors (Henton et al., 1992 etc.).

Questions to answer during the Defence and suggested points of discussion:

Can any recommendations be drawn from the thesis concerning English (pronunciation) teaching in the Czech context? Would such recommendations differ for primary/secondary schools and for university (English studies) level?

Other comments:

Proposed grade: ⊠ excellent □ very good □ good □ fail
Place, date and signature of the reviewer: Prague, May 25, 2022