

Abstract

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The bachelor's thesis "Domestic violence against women" deals with the issue of abuse of women. This global problem should be minimized through education and awareness. The theoretical part of the thesis deals with the definition of domestic violence, signs and symptoms, form, dynamics, consequences of domestic violence, the characteristics of the victim and the perpetrator, the changes that occurred during the COVID-19 pandemic. Then followed help, prevention with a focus on health care and health care providers. The research part was followed. The sample of nurses found out: how common is the detection of victims of domestic violence, how are nurses prepared to diagnose domestic violence, how are the nurses prepared to help victims of domestic violence. The research took the form of a questionnaire. This questionnaire was based on the questionnaire from Great Britain by Ramsay et al. (2012). 59 nurses aged from 18 years to 52 years have participated in the survey. They work at the University Hospital in Hradec Králové in the Department of Surgery, Department of Anaesthesiology, Resuscitation and Intensive Care, Obstetrics and Gynecology. NCSS program, Fischer's exact test, Pearson's chi-square test, nonparametric Mann-Whitney test, nonparametric Kruskal-Wallis one-way analysis of variance were used to evaluate the data. Significant statistical differences were found in relation to the age of the respondents, the specialization of clinics and the readiness of nurses. 17 % of nurses have been diagnosed victim of domestic violence in the last 6 months. The nurses were able to determine appropriate questions, appropriate actions after the revelation of domestic violence. Further, they stated that they were prepared to ask appropriate questions about domestic violence and also that they were prepared to identify the signs and symptoms of domestic violence.