

## **CHARLES UNIVERSITY IN PRAGUE**

### FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

# Mexico and climate change in the international context according to political agendas

Master's Thesis

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Declaration of Authorship
1. The author hereby declares that he compiled this thesis independently, using only the listed resources and literature
2. The author hereby declares that all the sources and literature used have been properly cited.
3. They author hereby declares that the thesis has not been used to obtain a different or the same degree.
Prague 27 July 2021 Marjhory Melissa Iturbe Perez

Ackno	wledgements
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[ +la o.m.]r .u	any family fan thain an agyng gamant and gynn ant thugy ah ayt may magatanla dagnag
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	3

## Bibliographic Annotation

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#### **Abstract**

This thesis is focused on the climate change agendas of the last three presidents of Mexico in the international context, especially at the G-20 summit. The analysis leads to the agreements and summits where Mexico has taken more relevance, and consequently, the Mexican government has implemented national policies according to each government agenda priority. In addition, this paper highlights the proposals during the last year of Calderon's administration, in which his political agenda is aligned with climate change as a priority. Furthermore, the transition of power from a conservative to a centrist party, which was President Peña Nieto. His government focused on economic development and energy reform. Finally, the first year of the government of AMLO, the current president-elect of Mexico. For the first time governing a social democratic party such as Morena. He is faced with a government with no desire to make progress on climate change and international participation. During the analysis, a current setback for Mexico with the elected government on climate change is found, wherein its agenda renewable energies are not a priority for the administration and therefore a null interest in the G-20 commitments.